Academic Council: AC/27.06.23/RS1 Item No. :



Subject: Data Science Academic year: 2023-2024

Syllabus for Semester- I and Semester - II

Choice Based Credit System Syllabi (as per NEP) approved by Board of Studies in Data Scienceto be brought into effect from June 2023.

PREAMBLE

Data has become the most important factor in this era of digital transformation. The technological advancements are seen in all walks of life and therefore we are flooded with enormous data. Every business relies on data to deliver better products as well as services. All data are stored in cloud, and so accessed and processed easily. Data analytics has helped in better decision making with sufficient data insights.

Predictive Analysis has played a crucial role in making businesses smarter with improvised strategies. Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence are used together to optimize business operations and data management. Augmented analytics uses machine learning and natural language processing to automate the process of data analysis. Global data is predicted to grow due to data generated by the Internet of Things(IoT) and cloud computing advancements. These developments have given rise to a new area of study, called Data Science.

Data Science as an area has evolved out of the applications of various tools and techniques in the field of Computer Science, Mathematics and Statistics. There is an increasing demand to capture, analyse the enormous data present in a number of application domains. The data in these applications then needs to be converted into actionable strategies for effective decision making. So, the study of data science has become essential to cater to the growing need of data scientists and data analysts.

This course focuses on educating the students about the essentials of computer science, applied mathematics and applied statistics with respect to the data science applications.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

| NO. | Details |
|-------------|--|
| PO1. | Solving Complex Problems :- Apply the knowledge gained in breaking down complex problems into simple components; and to design processes required for problem solving. |
| PO2. | Critical Thinking: - Ability to apply the acquired knowledge to identify assumptions and evaluate their accuracy and validity. |
| PO3. | Reasoning ability and Rational thinking: - Ability to analyse, interpret data and draw logical conclusions; to evaluate ideas rationally. |
| PO4. | Research Aptitude: - Ability to ask relevant questions to identify and define the problem, applying research tools for analysis and interpretation of data. Understand and comply with research ethics. |
| PO5. | Effective Communication skill: - Demonstrate the ability to listen and to clearly express ideas verbally. Equip to write reports, make presentations effectively. |
| PO6. | Information and Digital Literacy: - Equip to use appropriate tools and techniques inclusive of internet and electronic media for acquiring, assessing and analysing data from diverse resources. |
| PO7. | Social Interactive Skills and team work: - Exhibit networking and social interactive skills; function effectively as an individual and as a member in diverse groups; demonstrate leadership quality useful for employability |
| PO8. | Self-directed and Lifelong Learning: Ability to explore and gain knowledge in independent and self-reliant ways. Demonstrate ability to adapt and upgrade with the global, social and technological changes. |
| PSO1. | Sound Knowledge: Demonstrate the knowledge of core data science concepts and apply them to develop a user- friendly, scalable, and robust applications |
| PSO2. | Critical and Rational Thinking: Exhibit higher order skills to adapt to the everchanging technological environment |
| PSO3. | Logic Building and Programming Skills: The ability to apply logic to problem solving and acquire proficiency in various programming languages. |
| PSO4. | Data Analysis : Apply quantitative modelling and data analysis techniques to solve real world business problems, Learn tools and techniques for transformation of data and statistical data analysis |
| PSO5. | Pursue Higher Education: Make students competent to take up advanced degree courses like MSc(Data Science),MCA, MSc(CS), MSc(IT) and MBA etc. |

| Course Code | Course Type | Course Title | Credits |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------|
| SIUDSMJ111 | Core Subject (Major) | Fundamentals of Data Science | 3 |
| SIUDSMN111 | Core Subject (Minor) | Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques | 3 |
| SIUDSVS111 | Core Subject (VEC) | Data Processing Using Excel | 1 |
| SIUDSSE111 | Ability Enhancement Skill Course | Python Programming – I | 1 |
| SIUDSOE111 | Open | Data Management in Excel | 2 |
| SIUENAE111 | Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) | Communication Skills in English | 2 |
| SIUSFVE111 | Value Education Course (VEC) | Environmental Studies | 2 |
| SIUSFIK111 | Indian Knowledge System (IKS) | Indian Knowledge System | 2 |
| SIUDSMJP111 | Core Subject Practical | Fundamentals of Data Science | 1 |
| SIUDSMNP111 | Core Subject Practical | Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques | 1 |
| SIUDSVS111 | Core Subject Practical | Data Processing Using Excel | 1 |
| SIUDSSE111 | Ability Enhancement Skill Course | Python Programming – I | 1 |
| SIUDSOE111 | Open | Data Management in Excel | 2 |
| | | TOTAL CREDITS | 22 |

Fundamentals of Data Science (SIUDSMJ111)

Course Objective:

• Students can understand the digital logic design and structure of various functional modules of the computer and how they interact to provide the processing needs of the user.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

CO1: Learner understands the key issues in big data management and its associated applications in intelligent business and scientific computing.

CO2: Learner is analysing problem and solving it by implementing suitable techniques.

CO3: Analyse the models using different Machine Learning techniques.

| Unit | Contents | No. of Lectures |
|------|---|--------------------|
| Ι | Introduction: What is Data Science? Big Data and Data Science hype – and getting past the hype, Why now? –Datafication, Current landscape of perspectives, A data Science Profile, Skill sets. Statistical Inference, Populations and samples, Big Data, new kinds of data, modelling, statistical modeling probability distributions, fitting a model Exploratory Data Analysis and the Data Science Process: Basic tools (plots, graphs and summary statistics) of EDA, Philosophy of EDA, The Data Science Process. | 15 |
| II | Algorithms: Machine Learning Algorithms – Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning and Reinforcement Learning, k-Nearest Neighbours (kNN), Simple Linear Regression, Naïve Bayes Algorithm, k-means clustering and Apriori Algorithm. | 15 |
| III | AI problems, foundation of AI and history of AI intelligent agents: Agents and Environments, the concept of rationality, the nature of environments, structure of agents, problem solving agents, problem formulation. Searching- Searching for solutions, uniformed search strategies – Breadth first search, depth first Search.Search with partial information (Heuristic search) Hill climbing, A* ,AO* Algorithms. | 15 |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|---------|---|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|------|
| 1 | Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach" | S. Russel and P. Norvig | Pearson Education | Second Edition, | |
| 2 | Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for complex problem solving | G. Luger | Pearson Education. | Fourth Edition, | |
| 3 | Doing Data Science- Straight Talk from the Frontline | Cathy O Neil, Rachel Schutt | Orielly | | |
| 4 | Mining of Massive Data Sets | Jure Leskovek, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey Ullman | Cambridge University Press | | 2014 |

Fundaments of Data Science (SIUDSMJP111)

| 1. | Develop a program for Pandas Data Frame. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| 2. | Develop a program to read and write in .csv files. |
| | |
| 3. | Develop a program for Basic plots using Matplotlib. |
| | |
| 4. | Develop a program for Variability. |
| | |
| 5. | Develop a program for Normal Curves. |
| | |
| 6. | Develop a program for Correlation and scatter plots. |
| 7 | |
| /. | Develop a program for Correlation Coefficient. |
| 8 | Develop a program for Simple Linear Pegression |
| 0. | |
| 9. | Develop a program to implement and demonstrate KNN Algorithm. |
| | 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| 10. | Develop a program to implement k-Means clustering algorithm to cluster the set of |
| | data stored in .CSV file. |
| | |

Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques - I (SIUDSMN111)

Course Objective:

• Students can apply the various statistical functions on any given data to analyse and take necessary decisions.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Assess the mean, median, mode of a data set which describes the whole set of data with a single value.
- **CO2:** Predict whether data is uniformly distributed, based on the value taken by Skewness and Kurtosis.
- **CO3:** Construct a Hypothesis, a testable statement of what the researcher(s) predict will be the outcome of the study.

| Unit | Contents | No. of |
|------|---|----------|
| | | Lectures |
| Ι | Statistical Methods: Definition and scope of Statistics, concepts of statistical population and sample Data: quantitative and qualitative, attributes, variables, scales of measurement nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio. Presentation: tabular and graphical, including histogram and ogives, consistency and independence of data with special reference to attributes. The Mean, Median, Mode, and Other Measures of Central Tendency: Index, or Subscript, Notation, Summation Notation, Averages, The Arithmetic Mean, The Weighted Arithmetic Mean, Properties of the Arithmetic Mean, The Arithmetic Mean Computed from Grouped Data, The Median, The Mode, The Empirical Relation Between the Mean, Median, and Mode, The Geometric Mean G, The Harmonic Means, The Root Mean Square, Quartiles, Deciles, and Percentiles, Software and Measures of Central Tendency. The Standard Deviation and Other Measures of Dispersion: Dispersion, or Variation, The Range, The Mean Deviation, Empirical Relations Between Measures of Dispersion, Absolute and Relative Dispersion; Coefficient of Variation, Standardized Variable; Standard Scores, Software and Measures of Dispersion. | 15 |

| Π | Moments, Skewness, and Kurtosis : Moments , Moments for Grouped Data , Relations Between Moments , Computation of Moments for Grouped Data, Charlie's Check and Sheppard's Corrections, Moments in Dimensionless Form, Skewness, Kurtosis, Population Moments, Skewness, and Kurtosis, Software Computation of Skewness and Kurtosis. Elementary Probability Theory: Definitions of Probability, Conditional Probability Jistributions, Mathematical Expectation, Relation Between Population, Sample Mean, and Variance, Combinatorial Analysis, Combinations, Stirling's Approximation to n!, Relation of Probability to Point Set Theory, Euler or Venn Diagrams and Probability. Elementary Sampling Theory : Sampling Theory, Random Samples and Random Numbers, Sampling With and Without Replacement, Sampling Distributions of Differences and Sums, Standard Errors, Software Demonstration of Elementary Sampling Theory. | 15 |
|-----|--|----|
| III | Curve Fitting and the Method of Least Squares: Relationship Between Variables, Curve Fitting, Equations of Approximating Curves, Freehand Method of Curve Fitting, The Straight Line, The Method of Least Squares, The Least-Squares Line, Nonlinear Relationships, The Least Squares Parabola, Regression, Applications to Time Series, Problems Involving More Than Two Variables. Correlation Theory: Correlation and Regression, Linear Correlation, Measures of Correlation, The Least-Squares Regression Lines, Standard Error of Estimate, Explained and Unexplained Variation, Coefficient of Correlation, Remarks Concerning the Correlation Coefficient, Product-Moment Formula for the Linear Correlation Coefficient, Short Computational Formulas, Regression Lines and the Linear Correlation Coefficient, Correlation of Time Series, Correlation of Attributes, Sampling Theory of Correlation, Sampling Theory of Regression | 15 |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|---------|--|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|------|
| 1. | Schaum's Outline of Statistics | Murray R. Spiegel, Larry J. Stephens. | Mcgraw – Hill International | 6 th | 2018 |
| 2. | Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics | S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor | | 12 th | 2020 |
| 3. | Mathematical statistics | J.N. Kapur and H.C. Saxena | S. Chand | 20 th | 2016 |
| 4 | Introduction to the Theory of Statistics | Mood, A.M. Graybill, F.A. and Boes, D.C | Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. | 3 rd | 2017 |
| 5 | Mathematical Statistics with Applications | Miller, Irwin and Miller, Marylees | Pearson Education, Asia | 8 th | 2014 |

Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques (SIUDSMNP111)

List of Practical: (Use Excel , Use data from Kaggle.com or any data repository from any website)

| 1. | Graphical representation of data. |
|----|---|
| | |
| 2. | Execute the statistical functions: mean, median, mode |
| | |
| 3. | Execute the statistical functions: quartiles, range, inter quartile range histogram |
| | |
| 4 | Calculate the standard deviation, variance, co-variance, correlation |
| | |
| 5 | Problems based on moments, skewness and kurtosis. |
| | |
| 6 | Problems based on Probability. |
| | |
| 7 | Correlation coefficient for a bivariate frequency distribution. |
| | |
| 8 | Fitting of polynomials, exponential curves. |
| | |
| 9 | Planes of regression and variances of residuals for given simple correlations. |
| | |
| 10 | Planes of regression and variances of residuals for raw data. |

Data Processing Using Excel (SIUDSVS111)

Course Objective:

• To familiarize the prospective learners with mathematical structures that are fundamentally discrete by introducing concepts of sets and functions, forming and solving recurrence relations and different counting principles.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the advance formula use in excel.

CO2: Analysis of data in excel.

CO3: Understand the macros in excel.

| Unit | Contents | No. of |
|------|--|----------|
| | | Lectures |
| Ι | Creating Formulas.: | |
| | Using Formulas, Formula Functions – Sum, Average, if, Count, max, min, | |
| | Proper, Upper, Lower, Using AutoSum,Offset. | |
| | Advance Formulas: Concatenate, Vlookup, Hlookup, Match, Countif, Text, | |
| | Trim. | 15 |
| | Data Analysis: Sorting, Filter, Text to Column, Data Validation. | |
| | PivotTables: Creating PivotTables, Manipulating a PivotTable, | |
| | Using the PivotTable Toolbar, Changing Data Field, Properties, Displaying a | |
| | PivotChart, Setting PivotTable Options, Adding Subtotals to PivotTables. | |
| | Making Macros: | |
| | Recording Macros, Running Macros, Deleting Macros. | |
| | Looping and flow control, Creating and manipulating names in VBA, Event | |
| | programming, Arrays, Creating classes and collections. | |
| | Using VBA to create pivot tables, Sample user-defined functions: Sorting and | |
| | concatenating, Sorting numeric and alpha characters, Searching for a string | |
| | within text. | |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|-----------|------------------|------|
| 1 | Microsoft Excel and VBA and Macros | Bill Jelen and Tracy Syrstad | | | |
| 2 | Learn Data Mining Through Excel: A Step- by-Step Approach for Understanding Machine Learning Methods | Hong Zhou | Apress | First Edition | |

Data Processing Using Excel (SIUDSVS111)

List of Practical (ANY FIVE): (Implement using Excel)

| 1. | a. Data entry using spreadsheet : |
|----|--|
| | Text, Number, Formula, Function, Auto fill, Auto Correct and Data Validation. |
| | b. Using Total and Subtotal: |
| | +, sum(), Quick sum, subtotal(), sumif(), conditional sums, sorting of dat |
| | |
| 2. | Lookup(), HLOOKUP(), VLOOKUP(), date functions, numeric functions, string |
| | functions, Index(), Match() |
| | |
| 3. | Pivot Table: |
| | i. Creating a Pivot Table |
| | ii. Layout of the PivotTable |
| | |
| 4. | In Excel import the data from text file, non-textual file, image file, web page and table. |
| | |
| 5. | Demonstrate database connectivity in Excel. |
| | |
| 6. | Demonstrate data tool of Excel. (Text to column , Flash fill, remove duplicate, Data |
| | validation, consolidating and relationship) |
| 7 | Demonstrate Wilset if an electric to all of Error 1 |
| 1. | Demonstrate what-if analysis tool of Excel. |
| 8 | Using macro |
| 0. | i Add serial number |
| | ii. Insert multiple column. |
| | iii. Auto fit row and column. |
| | |
| 9. | Using macro |
| | i. Sort worksheets alphabetically. |
| | ii. Protect all worksheet at one go. |

| | iii. | Unprotect all worksheet at one go. |
|-----|------|------------------------------------|
| | | |
| 10. | Demo | nstrate filter and sort in excel. |

<u>FYBSc(DS) - Semester I</u> Python Programming -I (SIUDSSE111) Course Objective:

• Students can develop mini projects in Python for any real time situation they are exposed to.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Compare the different data types and operators in Python and use the IF statement in writing programs.
- **CO2:** Design programs using loops and arrays, predict the use of string concepts to solve simple and complex problems.
- **CO3:** Compose python statements using list, dictionary and tuples.

| Unit | Contents | No. of |
|------|---|----------|
| | | Lectures |
| Ι | Getting started with Python Language: Python Data Types, Simple Mathematical Operators, Bitwise Operator, Variable Scope and Binding, Basic Input and Output, Conditional Statement Loops: For loops, Pass Statement, While Loop, Break and Continue in Loops Functions: Defining and calling functions, Defining functions with list arguments, Defining a function with an arbitrary number of arguments, Lambda (Inline/Anonymous),Recursive functions, Defining a function with arguments, Iterable and dictionary unpacking, Map Function, Reduce Function, Filter Function Arrays: Access individual elements through indexes, append(),insert(), extend(), fromlist(), remove(),pop(), index(), reverse(), buffer_info(), count() method, tolist() method, Multidimensional arrays String Formatting: Basics of String Formatting, Float formatting, Named placeholders, String formatting with datetime, Formatting Numerical Values, String Methods. | Lectures |
| | Dictionary, List, Tuple | |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|---------|--|---------------|-----------|---------|------|
| 1. | A Practical Introduction to Python Programming | Brian Heinold | * | | 2021 |

| 2. | Python Basics: A Practical Introduction to Python 3 | David Amos, Dan Bader, Joanna Jablonski, Fletcher Heisler | Not Known | 4 th | Copyright © Real Python (realpython.com), 2012–2020 |
|----|---|--|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 3. | Learning Python | Mark Lutz | O'Reilly Media, Inc. | 5 th | 2013 |
| 4. | Python Tutorial Release 3.7.0 | Guido van Rossum | Python Software Foundation | 3 rd | 2018 |
| 5. | Think Python | Allen B. Downey | O'Reilly Media, Inc. | 2 nd | 2015 |

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Python Programming-I (SIUDSSE111)

(Implement using IDLE Python 3.8/Spyder(Anaconda3))

| 1. | Code the following programs using if-elif-else: | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| a. | Accept a number and check whether the number is positive or negative or a zero. | | | | |
| b. | Accept 3 numbers and find the largest of the 3 numbers. | | | | |
| c. | Swap 2 numbers using multiple assignment statement. | | | | |
| d. | A company insures its drivers in the following cases: | | | | |
| | – If the driver is married. | | | | |
| | - If the driver is unmarried, male & above 30 years of age. | | | | |
| | - If the driver is unmarried, female & above 25 years of age. | | | | |
| | In all other cases the driver is not insured. If the marital status, sex and age of the driver are the inputs, write a program to determine whether the driver is to be insured or not | | | | |
| e. | i. Assign a name in the code and allow the use to guess the name and check if | | | | |
| | ii. Generate a random number in the code. Allow user to guess the number and check if both are the same. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2. | Code the following programs using Loops and Functions: | | | | |
| a. | i. Accept a number and find the factorial of the number | | | | |
| | 11. Accept a number and find the factorial of the number. Use Recursive Function. | | | | |
| | iii. Print Fibonacci series up to 10 terms. Use multiple assignment too. | | | | |
| | v. Print Fibonacci series up to 10 terms. Use Recursive function.v. Accept a number and find the sum of the digits of that number. | | | | |

| b. | Accept a number and check whether the number is: | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|
| | i. An Armstrong number or not | | | |
| | ii. Strong number or not | | | |
| | iii. Perfect number or not | | | |
| | iv. Palindrome | | | |
| c. | Accept a number and print the number in words. Example 326 should be printed as Three Two Six. | | | |
| d. | Write a menu driven program to: | | | |
| | i. Accept a number and check if the number is odd or even | | | |
| | ii. Accept a number and check whether the number is Prime or not | | | |
| 2 | | | | |
| 3. | Code the following programs using Functions, Loops, Arrays, Strings: | | | |
| a. | Initialize an array with 5 integers and demonstrate the use of append((), insert(), extend(), fromlist(), remove(), pop(), index(), reverse(), buffer_info(), count(), tostring(), tolist() and fromstring() | | | |
| b | Perform the following on Strings: | | | |
| | i. Split a string based on n' | | | |
| | ii. Check for the presence of a substring in a string | | | |
| | iii. Replace a string with any other | | | |
| | iv. Find the index of the first occurrence of a substring | | | |
| с | Perform the following on Strings: | | | |
| | i. Reverse a string by words | | | |
| | ii. Generate password | | | |
| | iii. Count the occurrences of a substring in a given string | | | |
| | iv. Exchange the last and the first letter in a string | | | |
| | v. Swapcase | | | |
| | | | | |
| 4. | Code the following programs using Functions, Loops, List: | | | |
| a. | Accept a string. Print smallcase letters first and then uppercase letters of the input | | | |
| | string – Output to be stored in a list. | | | |
| b. | Work on the following aspects using lists as input: | | | |
| | i. Find largest number in the list | | | |
| | ii. Remove duplicates in a list | | | |
| | iii. Copy a list | | | |
| | iv. To print any value from a given list | | | |

| c. | Use lists as the data structure to do as directed: | |
|----|--|--|
| | i. Count the number of occurrences of each element in a list | |
| | ii. To concatenate any two lists | |
| | iii. To check for a common element in two given lists | |

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| 5. | Code the following programs using Functions, Loops, Dictionary: | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| a. | Print the key value in a given Dictionary to demonstrate the use of Dictionary Comprehension | | | | |
| b. | Find the occurrences of each word in a string and print it as a key value pair using Dictionary. | | | | |
| c. | Use a Dictionary data structure and Sort a dictionary by key and by value. | | | | |
| 6. | Code the following programs using Functions, Loops, Tuples: | | | | |
| a. | Do the following taking a tuple(s) as an input: | | | | |
| | i. Unpack a tuple ii. Convert a tuple to a string iii. Minimum element in a tuple iv. Remove an element form a tuple | | | | |
| b | Using tuple as an input print tuples applying various Slicing on these tuples. | | | | |
| С | i. Initialize 2 or 3 tuples and concatenate the same. ii. Initialize tuples and Concatenate a particular position element in the tuple to form a list | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 7. | Code the following programs using Functions, Loops, Modules: | | | | |
| a. | Programs using Operator Module. | | | | |
| b | Programs using Random Module. | | | | |
| c | Programs using OS and Math Module. | | | | |
| 8. | Code the following programs using Functions, Loops, Custom Modules: | | | | |
| a. | Create a module to find the largest and smallest number in a list. Use this module in a python code. | | | | |

| b | Create a module to count the number of digits, smallcase letters, uppercase letters and special characters in a string data. Use this module in a python code. |
|---------|--|
| с | Create a module to count the occurrences of all letters in a string and output the same as a dictionary. Use this module in a python code. |
| | |
| 9. | Code the following programs using Functions, Loops, Examples handlers: |
| | Code the following programs using Functions, Loops, Exception nanulers. |
| a. | Display the type of exception occurred in any snippet of the python code. |
| a. b | Display the type of exception occurred in any snippet of the python code. Demonstrate the use of raise statement with respect to exception. |

Data Management in Excel (SIUDSOE111)

Course Objectives:

- To build a strong understanding on the Basics of Microsoft Excel.
- To understand data crunching and data presentation.

Course Outcome:

CO1. Learning the use and utility of functions and formulas on excel.

CO2. Manipulate data using data names and ranges, filters and sort, and validation lists .

CO3. Analyzing data using Pivot Tables and Pivot Chart.

| Unit | t Contents | | |
|------|---|----|--|
| | | | |
| Ι | Introduction to Excel : About Excel & Microsoft, Uses of Excel, | | |
| | Excel software, Spreadsheet window pane, Title Bar, Menu Bar, | | |
| | Standard Toolbar, Formatting Toolbar, the Ribbon, File Tab and | | |
| | Backstage View, Formula Bar, Workbook Window, Status Bar, Task | | |
| | Pane, Workbook & sheets. | | |
| | Columns & Rows: Selecting Columns & Rows, Changing Column | 15 | |
| | Width & Row Height, Autofitting Columns & Rows, | 15 | |
| | Hiding/Unhiding Columns & Rows, Inserting & Deleting Columns | | |
| | & Rows, Cell, Address of a cell, Components of a cell – Format, value, formula, Use of paste and paste special. | | |
| | | | |
| | Functionality Using Ranges: Using Ranges, Selecting Ranges, | | |
| | Entering Information Into a Range, Using AutoFill. | | |
| | Performing Calculations on Data: Naming Groups of Data , Creating | | |
| | Formulas to calculate values, Summarizing Data that meets specific | | |
| | conditions, Finding and Correcting Errors in Calculations. | | |
| | Focusing on Specific Data by using Filters: Limiting Data that appears | | |
| | on screen, Manipulating worksheet data, Selecting list rows at random, | | |
| | summarizing worksheets with hidden and filtered rows, finding unique | | |
| | values within data set, Defining valid sets of values for ranges of cells | | |

| II Reordering and Summarizing Data: Sortingworksheet | |
|---|------------|
| data, Organizing data into levels, Looking up information | on in a |
| worksheet. | |
| Analyzing Alternative Data Sets: Defining an alternative Dat | a Set , |
| Defining Multiple alternative Data Set, Varying Data to Get a D | Desired |
| Result by using Goal Seek, Finding Optimal Solutions by Using | Solver |
| , Analyzing Data by using Descriptive Statistics. | |
| Creating Dynamic Worksheets by Using Pivot Tables: Ana | alyzing 15 |
| Data Dynamically by Using PivotTables, Filtering, Showing | g, and |
| Hiding PivotTable Data, Editing PivotTables, Formatting Pivot | Гables, |
| Creating PivotTables from External Data. | |
| Creating Charts and Graphics : Creating Charts, Customizi | ng the |
| Appearance of Charts, Finding Trends in Data, Summarizing D | ata by |
| Using Sparkline, Creating Dynamic Charts by Using Pivot | Charts, |
| Creating Diagrams by Using SmartArt, Creating Shape | s and |
| Mathematical Equations. | |
| Printing : Adding Headers and Footers to Printed Pages, Pre | paring |
| Worksheets for Printing, Printing Worksheets. | |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------|------|
| 1. | Step by step ,Microsoft Excel 2010 | Curtis D. Frye | Microsoft Press | | |
| 2. | Step by step, Microsoft Excel (Office 2021 and Microsoft 365) | Joan Lambert , Curtis Frye | Microsoft Press | | |

Data Management in Excel (SIUDSOE111)

| | 6 | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | i. Enter data into a Spreadsheet | | | | |
| | ii. Use AutoFill with labels, data and formulas | | | | |
| | iii. Format Cell Borders and Contents | | | | |
| | iv. Calculate the total across the rows | | | | |
| | v. Calculate the total for each column | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2. | Create worksheet with following fields Empno, Ename, Basic Pay(BP), | | | | |
| | Travelling Allowance(TA), Dearness Allowance(DA), House Rent | | | | |
| | Allowance(HRA), Income Tax(IT), Provident Fund(PF), Net Pay(NP) | | | | |
| | i. Given: DA= 30% of BP, HRA=20% of BP, TA=17.5% of BP, | | | | |
| | IT=15% of BP, PF=12.5% of BP | | | | |
| | ii. Calculate the Net Pay by using the formulae | | | | |
| | iii. $Gross Pay= DA+TA+HRA+BP$ | | | | |
| | iv. Deductions=IT+PF | | | | |
| | v Net Pay= Gross Pay-Deduction | | | | |
| | v. netruj- Gross ruy Deduction | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 3. | Create an Excel Worksheet with fields as Roll no., Name ,Marks of Five | | | | |
| | subjects. | | | | |
| | i. Find the Total Number & Average in all Subjects in Each Student. | | | | |
| | ii. Find Grade Using If Function - If Average Greater >15 then "A" Grade | | | | |
| | otherwise "B" Grade. | | | | |
| | iii. How Many Students "A" and "B" Grade ? | | | | |
| | iv. How Many Students in any two subjects Number Grater Then > 20 and | | | | |
| | <15 ? | | | | |
| | v. Represent the Data by inserting the Pie Chart | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 4. | Create an Excel Worksheet to apply Text Function on Full Name of the person. | | | | |
| | i. Calculate First Name | | | | |
| | ii. Calculate Last Name | | | | |
| | iii. Calculate Email id | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 5. | Create an Excel Worksheet with fields Roll no, Name, Marks | | | | |
| | i. Use hlookup function to display student's name | | | | |
| | ii. Use vlookup function to find the computer score of the students | | | | |

| 6. | Create an Excel Worksheet with fields ordered, product, category(fruit, | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| | vegetable), amount, date and county. | | | | |
| | i. Create Pivot Table using Data Separate Fruit and Vegetable. | | | | |
| | ii. How many Fruit and Vegetable Items in a List? | | | | |
| | iii. Total Apple and Banana amount. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 7. | Create an Excel Worksheet to perform | | | | |
| | i. alphabetical sort | | | | |
| | ii. numerical sort | | | | |
| | iii. Date-Time | | | | |
| | iv. Specify the cell color | | | | |
| | v. Apply Icon to cell. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 8. | Create an Excel Worksheet to perform | | | | |
| | i. Text filter | | | | |
| | ii. Number filter | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 9. | Create an Excel Worksheet to perform data validation | | | | |
| | i. Allow only numeric or text values in a cell. | | | | |
| | ii. Allow only numbers within a specified range. | | | | |
| | iii. Allow data entries of a specific. | | | | |
| | iv. Restrict dates and times outside a given time frame. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 10. | Create an Excel Worksheet to perform data validation | | | | |
| | i. Restrict entries to a selection from a drop-down list. | | | | |
| | ii. Validate an entry based on another cell. | | | | |
| | iii. Show an input message when the user selects a cell. | | | | |
| | iv. Show a warning message when incorrect data has been entered | | | | |
| | | | | | |

<u>FYBSc(DS) - Semester I</u> Indian Knowledge System (SIUSFIK111)

Learning Objectives -

Gain an understanding of Indian Knowledge System.

Understand the development of Science and Technology in areas such as Astronomy, Mathematics, Surgical techniques, Metallurgy, Town planning and Architecture.

Learning Outcomes -

1. Explain the key concepts of IKS and discuss the multi-faceted nature of knowledge contained in the Traditional Systems of India.

2. Identify the basic elements of Indian Calendar, development of Mathematics, Science and Technology in India.

3. Recognize the Vedic perspective of plant anatomy, its classifications, physiology and pathology.

| Unit | Contents | No. of |
|------|--|----------|
| | | lectures |
| I | IKS an Overview: Explain the key concepts of IKS and discuss the multi-faceted nature of knowledge contained in the Traditional Systems of India, Identify the basic elements of Indian Calendar, development of Mathematics, Science and Technology in India, Recognize the Vedic perspective of plant anatomy, its classifications, physiology and pathology. | 15 |
| Π | Science and Technology in Ancient India: Ancient Indian Mathematics: Unique aspects, Great Mathematicians and their contribution, Sulba-sutras, Baudhayana formula for right angle triangle, Number system-Features, Concept of zero, representation of large numbers, place value of numerals, Bhuta sankya system, Indian Science and Technology heritage, Mining and ore extraction, Metals and Metal work technology, Gold extraction Process, Physical structures in India, Temples- Khajuraho temples, Irrigation and water management, surgical techniques, ship buildings, Plants in Vedas, Morphology, Plant Taxonomy & Nomenclature, Classification of Plants, Plant anatomy, Plant Physiology, Nourishment, Plant Pathology,Consciousness in Plants, Germination, Reproduction, Sex and Heredity, medicinal botany. | 15 |

Books for References:

| Sr. | Books |
|-----|---|
| 1. | Kapoor, Kapil, and Singh Avadesh Kumar, Indian Knowledge System Vol.1, DK Print |
| | World, Ltd., 2005. |
| 2. | Mahadevan B., Bhat V R, Nagendra Pavana R.N., Indian Knowledge System Concepts |
| | and Application, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2022. |
| 3. | Penna, Madhusudan. Sanskrit Vagvilas 2nd Edition, Kavikulguru Kalidas Sanskrit |
| | International University Press. 2013 |

| Course Code | Course Type | Course Title | Credits |
|-------------|--|---|---------|
| SIUDSMJ121 | Core Subject (Major) | Data Structure using Python | 3 |
| SIUDSMN121 | Core Subject (Minor) | Time Series Analysis | 3 |
| SIUDSVS121 | Vocational Skill Course | Introduction to Statistical Analysis Software(SAS) | 1 |
| SIUDSSE121 | Skill Enhancement Course | Python Programming -II | 1 |
| SIUDSOE121 | Open electives | Data Handling using MySQL | 2 |
| SIUENAE121 | Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) | English | 2 |
| SIUSFVE121 | Value Education Course (VEC) | Understanding India | 2 |
| SIUSFIK121 | Co-Curricular Course | NCC/NSS/Sports/Cultural/Yoga | 2 |
| SIUDSMJP121 | Core SubjectPractical | Data Structure using Python | 1 |
| SIUDSMNP121 | Core SubjectPractical | Time Series Analysis | 1 |
| SIUDSVS121 | Vocational Skill Course Practical | Introduction to SAS | 1 |
| SIUDSSE121 | Skill Enhancement Course Practical | Python Programming II | 1 |
| SIUDSOE121 | Open electives | Data Handling using MySQL | 2 |
| TOTAL CREDI | ITS | | 22 |

In this semester, the students will be granted 1 credit on completion of a value added credit based course on "Redefining Life Skills -Part 1"

FYBSc(DS) - Semester II

Data Structure using Python (SIUDSMJ121)

Course Objective:

• To acquaint learners about the importance of various data models in designing a database along with usage of SQL queries.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

CO1: To understand the different methods of organizing large amount of data.

CO2: To efficiently implement the different data structures.

CO3: To efficiently implement solutions for specific problems.

| Unit | Contents | No. of |
|------|--|----------|
| | | Lectures |
| Ι | Introduction: Data and Information, Collection Module in Python – Deques, Chain Map, Counter, Ordered dictionaries default dictionaries, Named Tuple Types of Data Structures: Linear and Non-Linear Data Structures Arrays: Overview, Types of Arrays, Operations on Arrays, Searching – Linear Search and Binary Search, Sorting - Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort. | 15 |

| II | Stacks: Overview of Stack, Operations on Stack, Applications of stack : | |
|-----|--|----|
| | Function call and recursion, String reversal, palindrome checking ,Expression | |
| | types - infix, prefix and postfix, expression conversion and evaluation | |
| | (implementation of infix to postfix, evaluation of postfix) | |
| | Queues: Overview of Queue, Operations on Queue. Types of Queue - Linear | 15 |
| | Queue, Circular Queue, Priority Queue, Double Ended Queue (with | |
| | implementation) | |
| | Linked Lists: Types of Linked List – Singly, Doubly, Circular. Operations on | |
| | Linked List - create, traverse, insert, delete and search. | |
| III | Tree: Terminology, Binary Tree – Terminology and Properties, Tree | |
| | Traversals, Expression Trees – Binary Search Trees – operations in BST – | |
| | insertion, deletion, finding min and max, Finding the kth minimum element in a | |
| | BST, Balanced Tree-AVL Trees (basic operations : rotation, insertion and | |
| | deletion) | 15 |
| | Graph: Basic definition and Terminology – Representation of Graph – Graph | |
| | Traversal: Breadth First Search (BFS), Depth First Search (DFS) - Minimum | |
| | Spanning Tree: Prim's, Kruskal's- Single Source Shortest Path: Dijkstra's | |
| | Algorithm. | |
| | Hashing- Hash functions, open hashing-separate chaining, closed hashing - | |
| | linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, random probing, rehashing, | |
| | extendible hashing. | |
| | Heaps: Overview of Heap, min heap and max heap | |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|---------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------|---------|------|
| 1. | Data structures and | Michael T. Goodrich, | Wiley | | |
| | algorithms in python | Roberto Tamassia, | | | |
| | | Michael H. | | | |
| | | Goldwasser | | | |
| 2. | Data Structures and | Narasimha | CareerMonk | | |
| | Algorithmic Thinking with | Karumanchi | | | |
| | Python | | | | |
| | Hands-On Data Structures | Dr. Basant Agarwal, | Packt | 3rd | |
| 3. | and Algorithms with | Benjamin Baka | Publishing | Edition | |
| | Python | | | | |

| 4. | Data Structures and | Kent D. Lee and | Springer | |
|----|------------------------|-----------------|----------|--|
| | Algorithms with Python | Steve Hubbard | Springer | |

Data Structure Practical (SIUDSMJP121)

List of Practical: (Implement using Python)

| 1. | Implementation of searching algorithms to search an element using: Linear Search, Binary Search (with time complexity) |
|-----|---|
| | |
| 2. | Implementation of sorting algorithms: Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Selection Sort. |
| | |
| 3. | Write Python Program to implement stack and demonstrate push, pop and peek operations. |
| | |
| 4. | Write Python Program to implement stack and do the following: Implementation of an algorithm that reverses string of characters using stack and checks whether a string is a palindrome. Infix to Postfix conversion. Evaluation of postfix expression |
| | |
| 5. | Write Python Program to implement queue and demonstrate enqueue and dequeue operations. |
| | |
| 6. | Write Python Program to implement Singly Linked List to perform following operations: 1. Create, Insert, Delete, Display, Search 2. Create a list in the sorted order. |
| | |
| 7. | Write Python Program to implement Doubly Linked List to perform following operations: Create, Insert, Delete, Display, Search |
| | |
| 8. | Write Python Program to implement Circular Linked List to perform following operations: Create, Insert, Delete, Display, Search |
| | |
| 9. | Write Python Program to implement tree data structure and demonstrate depth- first traversal |
| | |
| 10. | Write Python Program to implement binary search tree to find the minimum and maximum node |

Time Series Analysis (SIUDSMN121)

Course Objective:

• To familiarize students with basics of Statistics, essential for prospective researchers and professionals.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

CO1: Estimate models for time series data sets.

- **CO2:** Interpret the results of implemented techniques.
- **CO3:** Gain and explore the knowledge of time and space domains.

| Unit | Contents | No. of |
|------|---|----------|
| | | Lectures |
| Ι | Characteristics of Time Series: Introduction, Nature of Time Series Data, Time Series Statistical Models, Measures of dependence: Auto correlation and cross correlation, Stationary Time Series, Estimation of Correlation, Vector Values and Multidimensional series Time Series Regression and Exploratory Data Analysis: Introduction, Classical Regression in the Time Series Context, Exploratory Data Analysis, Smoothing in the Time Series Context ARIMA Models: Introduction, Autoregressive Moving Average Models, Difference Equations, Autocorrelation and Partial Autocorrelation, Forecasting, Estimation, Integrated Models for Nonstationary data, Building ARIMA Models, Multiplicative ARIMA Seasonal Models | 15 |
| II | Spectral Analysis and Filtering: Introduction, Cyclical Behavior and Periodicity, Spectral Density, Periodogram and Discrete Fourier Transform, Non Parametric Spectral Estimation, Multiple series and Cross Spectra, Linear Filters, Dynamic Fourier Analysis and Wavelets, Lagged Regression Models, Signal Extraction and Optimum Filtering, Spectral Analysis of Multidimensional Series. Additional Time Domain Topics: Introduction, Long Memory ARMA and Fractional Differencing, Unit Root Testing, GARCH Model, Threshold Models, Regression with Auto correlated Errors Lagged Regression: Transfer Function Modeling, Multivariate ARMAX Models | 15 |

| III | State Space Models: Introduction Filtering Smoothing and Forecasting | |
|-----|--|----|
| | Marine Direction and Estimation, Marine, Data Marine Constant, | |
| | Maximum Likelinood Estimation, Missing Data Modifications, Structural | |
| | Models: Signal Extraction and Forecasting. | |
| | State-Space Models with Correlated Errors: ARMAX Models, | |
| | Multivariate Regression with Auto correlated errors, Bootstrapping State- | |
| | Space Models, Dynamic Linear Models with Switching, Stochastic | |
| | Volatility, Non-Linear and Non-Normal State Space Models Using Monte | 15 |
| | Carlo Methods | |
| | Statistical Methods in the Frequency Domain: Introduction, Spectral | |
| | Matrices and Likelihood Functions, Regression for Jointly Stationary Series, | |
| | Regression with Deterministic Inputs, Random Coefficient Regression, | |
| | Analysis of Designed Experiments, Discrimination and Cluster Analysis, | |
| | Principal Components and Factor Analysis, The Spectral Envelope | |
| | | |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|---------|---|--|-----------|-------------------|------|
| 1. | Time Series Analysis and its Applications with R examples | Robert H. Shumway, David H. Stoffer | Springer | Third Edition | |
| 2. | Time Series Analysis With Applications in R | Jonathan D Cryer & Kung Silk Chan | Springer | Second Edition | 2008 |

| 3. | Introduction to Time | Peter J. Brockwell | Springer | Second | |
|-----|---|--------------------|----------|------------------|------|
| ••• | Series and Forecasting | Richard A. Davis | | Edition | |
| 4. | Practical Time Series Analysis Prediction with Statistics and Machine Learning | Aileen Nielsen | O'Reilly | first edition | 2019 |

Time Series Analysis Practical (SIUDSMNP121)

List of Practical: (To be implemented using Excel/Python/R)

| Write a program to demonstrate time series characteristics. |
|---|
| |
| Write a program to implement Linear and Non-linear regression model |
| |
| Write a program to implement the ARIMA model. |
| |
| Write a program to implement the SARIMA model. |
| |
| Write a program to implement ARMAX. |
| |
| Write a program to implement Bootstrapping and Bagging. |
| |
| Write a program to implement Judgemental forecasting. |
| |
| Write a program to implement correlation and autocorrelation. |
| |
| Write a program to implement exponential smoothing. |
| |
| Write a program on implementing filtering, smoothing and forecasting. |
| |

Introduction to SAS (SIUDSVS121)

Course Objective:

To familiarize students with basics of Statistics, essential for prospective researchers and professionals.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the Data Processing Step.

CO2: Analyse the Observation on selected dataset.

CO3: Gain and explore the knowledge of Data Processing and Analysing.

| Unit | Contents | No. of |
|------|---|----------|
| | | Lectures |
| Ι | Introduction to the SAS system: Introduction, Components of Base SAS Software, Output Produced by the SAS System, Ways to Run SAS Programs, Running Programs in the SAS Windowing Environment, Review of SAS Tools. Introduction to DATA Step Processing: The SAS Data Set: Your Key to the SAS System, How the DATA Step Works: A Basic Introduction, Supplying Information to Create a SAS Data Set Starting with Raw Data: Examine the Structure of the Raw Data: Factors to Consider, Reading Unaligned Data, Reading Data That Is Aligned in Columns, Reading Data That Requires Special Instructions, Reading Unaligned Data with More Flexibility, Mixing Styles of Input, Testing a Condition before Creating an Observation, Creating Multiple Observations from a Single Record, Reading Multiple Records to Create a Single Observation, Problem Solving: When an Input Record Unexpectedly Does Not Have Enough Starting with SAS Data Sets: Understanding the Basics, Input SAS Data Set for Examples, Reading Selected Observations, Reading Selected Variables. Understanding DATA Step Processing: Introduction , Input SAS Data Set for Examples, Conditionally Deleting an Observation Working with Numeric Variables: Introduction , About Numeric Variables in SAS, Input SAS Data Set for Examples, Storing Numeric Variables: Introduction, Input SAS Data Set for Examples, Identifying Character Variables and Expressing Character Values, Setting the Length of Character Variables, Handling Missing Values, Creating Numeric Values, Saving Storage Space by Treating Numbers as | 15 |

| Acting on Selected Observations: Introduction, Selecting Observations, | |
|--|---|
| Constructing Conditions, Comparing Characters. | |
| Creating Subsets of Observations: Introduction, Selecting Observations for a | |
| New SAS Data Set, Conditionally Writing Observations to One or More SAS | |
| Data Sets | |
| | 1 |

Books and References:

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|---------|---|---|--------------------|---------|------|
| 1 | Step-by-Step Programming with Base SAS® Software | | SAS Publishing | | |
| 2 | An Introduction to SAS University Edition | Ron Cody | SAS Publication | | |
| 3 | The Little SAS Book | Lora D. Delwiche, Susan J. Slaughter | A Primer | Fifth | |
| 4 | Practical and Efficient SAS® Programming: The Insider's Guide | Martha Messineo | | | 2017 |

SAS Tutorial: Hands-On Approach for Beginners to Advanced Users (listendata.com)

Introduction to SAS Practical (SIUDSVS121)

List of Practical (SAS/ Altair/ Fractal Analytics, etc.)

| 1. | Install and configure SAS. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| 2. | Demonstrate concatenating string, converting number to character and concatenate strings with a delimiter. |
| | |
| 3. | Demonstrate CATX(), STRIP(), TRIM() function. |
| | |
| 4. | Create a table with missing character values and handle blank values with COALESCE() function. i. Creating a Datetime Value with No Time Value. ii. Creating a Datetime Value with Date and Time Values. |
| | |
| 5. | Finding the Last Word with a Negative Counter.i. Using COUNTW() to Get the Number of Words.ii. Using COUNTW to Split a Name. |
| | |
| 6. | Replacing Parts of a String Using TRANSTRN(). i. Using %SYSFUNC() with NOTDIGIT(). ii. Using %SYSFUNC() with Dates. |
| 7. | Demonstrate pattern matching in SAS. |
| 8. | Demonstrate arrays and loop in SAS. |
| 0 | |
| 9. | Demonstrate joining and merging in SAS. |
| 10 | |
| 10. | Send SAS output to Excel. |

Python Programming - II (SIUDSSE121)

Course Objective:

Students can develop projects with Python GUI as front end and MySQL as backend for any real time situation using Object oriented approach.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

- CO1: Design programs using Object oriented approach and multiprogramming concepts .
- **CO2:** Compare various file handling methods and perform validations and pattern matching using regular expressions

CO3: Compose python GUI programs.

| IObject Oriented Methodology: Class Definition, Creating Objects, Instances as Arguments, Inheritance, Method Overriding, Data Encapsulation, Data Hiding Python File Input-Output Iterables, iterators and their problem solving applications. Regular Expressions GUI Programming in Python (using Tkinter/wxPython/Qt) : What is GUI, Advantages of GUI, Introduction to GUI library.15Widgets, Layout Management , Look and Feel Customization Database connectivity in Python: Installing mysql connector, accessing connector module module, using connect, cursor, execute & close functions, reading single & multiple results of query execution, understanding15 | Unit | Contents | No. of Lectures |
|--|------|--|--------------------|
| exceptions in database connectivity. GUI and Database Connection. Working with Jupyter Notebook Introduction to NumPy Introduction to Pandas | Ι | Object Oriented Methodology: Class Definition, Creating Objects, Instances as Arguments, Inheritance, Method Overriding, Data Encapsulation, Data Hiding Python File Input-Output Iterables, iterators and their problem solving applications. Regular Expressions GUI Programming in Python (using Tkinter/wxPython/Qt) : What is GUI, Advantages of GUI, Introduction to GUI library. Widgets, Layout Management , Look and Feel Customization Database connectivity in Python: Installing mysql connector, accessing | 15 |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|---------|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|------|
| 1. | Practical Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science Using Python 3 | Paul Gries , Jennifer Campbell, Jason Montojo | Pragmatic Bookshelf | 2nd | 2014 |
| 2. | Python 3 Object Oriented Programming | Dusty Phillips | Packt Publishing | | 2010 |
| 3. | Python Tutorial Release 3.7.0 | Guido van Rossum | Python Software Foundation | 3 rd | 2018 |
| 4. | Think Python | Allen B. Downey | O'Reilly Media, Inc. | 2 nd | 2015 |
| 5. | MySQL for Python: Database Access Made Easy, | A. Lukaszewski | Packt Publisher | | 2010 |

Additional References:

- 1. <u>https://www.dataquest.io/blog/jupyter-notebook-tutorial/</u>
- 2. https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/10min.html

Python Programming -II Practical (SIUDSSE121)

List of Practical: (To be implemented using

| 1 | | |
|----|--------|--|
| 1. | OOP: | |
| | i. | Write a python program to implement a class employee with data as empid, empname, basicpay, leavebal, and methods excluding initializer function are payslip(), DA=90% |
| | | of bp, |
| | | a. HRA=40% of bp, TA=20% of bp, leaveapplication(), display() |
| | ii. | Write a python program to implement a super class publication (title, price) with a |
| | | subclass book (author, no_of_pages) and a subclass Magazine (issueno). |
| | | |
| | | |
| 2. | Multi | threading: |
| | i. | Program to display Summation of numbers using thread |
| | ii. | Program to display the prime numbers using thread |
| | iii | Program to display the Fibonacci series using thread |
| | | riogram to display the ribonated series using thread |
| | | |
| 3. | File H | andling : |
| | i. | Write a python program to input a file nums.txt with some numbers and create a file |
| | | results,txt which contains the sum, mean and square-sum of numbers in the input file |
| | | |
| | ii. | Write a python program to input a file emp.txt with data empname, empid and basicpay |
| | | of n employees. Create a file Payslip.txt which contains empid.basic pay.da.hra .ta and |
| | | netsalary. |
| | | a. (da=85% of basicpay.hra=50% of basicpay.ta=12% of basicpay. |
| | | netsalary=basicpay+da+hra+ta |
| | iii | Write a program to read numbers from a file file1 and perform the factorial of each |
| | | number and store into file? |
| | | |
| | | |
| 4. | Iterat | ors and Iterables : |
| | 1. | Write a program to implement traversing through a list using while loop |
| | 2. | Create a user defined iterable class PowTwo which on iteration gives powers of two |
| | | like 1,2,4,8,16(By using iter () and next () functions with in the class |
| | | definition) |
| 5 | i. | Regular Expressions : |
| | ii. | Write a python program accept from user following information and validate as |
| | | per the constraints using regular expressions |
| | iii | UserName-Starts with an alphabet and can contain a minimum 8 characters and |
| | | maximum 15 characters of alphanumeric characters |
| | iv | Mobile number- Contains 10 digits |
| | 1V. | Moone number- Contains to digits |

| | v. | Email id- starts with lower case alphabet followed by any number of lower case |
|----|--------|--|
| | | alphanumeric charcters or "." charcater followed by @ symbol followed by |
| | | alphanumeric characters and then end with ".com". |
| | vi. | Write a Python function text_match() that matches a string that has an 'a' followed by |
| | | zero or more occurences of 'b''s anywhere in the input string.(use search) |
| | vii. | Write a Python function text_match() that matches a string that has an 'a' followed by zero or more occurrences of anything, ending in 'b'. |
| | viii. | Write a python program to accept an address and replace occurrences of Road by Rd., District by Dst. And Street by St. |
| | | |
| 6. | GUI | Programs: |
| | i. | Write a GUI python program to accept two numbers and find sum, difference, product and quotient using different buttons. |
| | ii. | Write a GUI python program to create a login form that accepts username and password and checks if it is correct as per predefined values, if so, a successful login message is displayed else invalid login message is displayed. |
| | 111. | #Program to use check buttons for representing RGB to set the background colour of a Label (Graphics colours with RGB are represented as a string colour="#(FF 00)(FF 00)(FF 00)" where the first FF or 00 is for Red, second FF or 00 is for green and third FF or 00 is for Blue) |
| | iv. | Write a Python GUI program to create an Order form for ABC Pizza Corner. The program should use labelled frame for collecting Customer details and Pizza Details. On click of submit button, Customer details and pizza details should be displayed on message box along with Total cost incurred.(Cost for Large Pizza-Rs.250,Regular-200,Medium150,Small-100,Veg Pizza-100,Non-Veg-150,Each extra topping Rs.50) |
| | | |
| 7. | Data | base Applications : |
| | Write | a database program to perform the |
| | TOILOV | ving i Show all databases in the DBMS |
| | | ii Create a Database named "Company" |
| | | iii Create a table Employee in Company Database(empid int empname varchar(50) |
| | | designation varchar(50),basic int) |
| | | iv. Insert 10 records into employee table |
| | | v.Display all records of employee table |
| | | vi.Display the employees details with designation as entered by the user at runtime |
| | | vii.Display the employee details with basic<20000 |
| | ' | viii.Update the basic of Manager by 10% |
| | | |
| | | |

Data handling using MySQL (SIUDSOE121)

Course Objective:

To develop understanding of concepts and techniques for data management and learn about widely used systems for implementation and usage.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, student will be able to:

CO1: Gain familiarity with the MySQL development environment

CO2: Understand basic concepts of database development: SQL, Database design and Administration. **CO3:** Design and code a database solution

| Unit | Contents | No. of |
|------|--|----------|
| | | Lectures |
| I | Introduction: Why is MySQL so Popular, Elements of MySQL and Its Environment , Installing MySQL : Installation Choices and Platforms , Using the command-line Interface , Using a Text Editor , Installing Under Windows. Modeling and Designing Databases : The database design process. Basic SQL: SELECT statement, INSERT statement , DELETE statement , UPDATE statement, Exploring Database and Tables with SHOW and mysqlshow. Working with Database Structures: Creating and using Database , Creating Tables, Altering Structures , Renaming Tables, Dropping Tables, Truncating Tables, Backing Up and Restoring databases. | 15 |
| Π | Advanced Querying: Aggregating Data ,Nested Queries , User Variables , Transactions and Locking , Table Types. Functions – String Functions (concat, instr, left, right, mid, length, lcase/lower,ucase/upper, replace, strcmp, trim, ltrim, rtrim), Math Functions (abs, ceil, floor, mod,pow, sqrt, round, truncate) Date Functions (addate, datediff, day, month, year, hour,min, sec, now, reverse) Joining Tables – inner join, outer join (left outer, right outer, full outer) Managing Users and Privileges: Understanding Users and Privileges, Creating and using new users , GRANT OPTION privilege. | 15 |

| Sr. No. | Title | Author/s | Publisher | Edition | Year |
|------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|---------|------|
| 1. | Learning MySQL | Seyed M.M. "Saied" Tahaghoghi and Hugh E. Williams | O'Reilly Media | | |

| 2. | Fundamentals of Database Systems | Ramez Elmasri & Shamkant B.Navathe | Pearson Education | Sixth Edition | 2010 |
|----|--|--|----------------------|------------------|------|
| 3. | Database Management Systems | Ramakrishnam, Gehrke | McGraw- Hill | | 2007 |
| 4. | Begning MySQL | Robert Sheldon, Geoff Moes | Wrox Press | | 2005 |

Data handling using MySQL (SIUDSOE121)

| | Perform the following: | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | i. Viewing all databases | | | | |
| | ii. Creating a database | | | | |
| | iii. Viewing all Tables in a database | | | | |
| | iv. Creating Tables(With and Without Constraints) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2. | Perform the following: | | | | |
| | i. Inserting Records in a Table. | | | | |
| | ii. Updating Records in a Table. | | | | |
| | iii. Deleting Records in a Table. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 3. | Perform the following: | | | | |
| | i. Altering a Table | | | | |
| | ii. Dropping/Truncating/Renaming Tables | | | | |
| | iii Backing up / Restoring a Database | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 4. | Perform the following: | | | | |
| | i. Simple Queries | | | | |
| | ii. Simple Oueries with Aggregate functions | | | | |
| | iii. Oueries with Aggregate functions (group by and having clause) | | | | |
| | ini Querres (marrisgregate randons (group of and na mig enable) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 5. | Subqueries With IN clause | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| - | | | | | |
| 6. | Subqueries With EXISTS clause | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 7 | Write a Queries involving Data Functions | | | | |
| /. | while a Queries involving Date Functions. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 8 | Write a Queries involving String Functions | | | | |
| 0. | whice a Queries involving String 1 directoris. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 9. | Write a Queries involving Math Functions. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Join Queries | | | | |
| 10. | i. Inner Join | | | | |
| | ii. Outer Join | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Semester – I | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Cre | Credits Marks | | Distribution | | | |
| | Theory | Practical | Theory | Practical | Distribution | | |
| Subject 1 | 3 | 1 | 75 | 25 | Sem end : 50 | Internal :25 | Practical: 25 |
| Subject 2 | 3 | 1 | 75 | 25 | Sem end : 50 | Internal :25 | Practical: 25 |
| OE | 2 | 2 | 50 | 50 | Sem end : 50 | Tutorial: 50 | |
| VSC | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| SEC | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| IKS | 2 | - | 50 | - | Sem end : 30 | Internal :20 | |
| AEC | 2 | - | 50 | - | Sem end: 30 | Internal :20 | |
| VEC | 2 | - | 50 | - | Sem end : 30 | Internal :20 | |
| Total | | | | | | | 22 |

Evaluation Scheme

| Semester – II | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|-----------|--------|-----------|--|--|
| | Credits | | Marks | | Distribution | |
| | Theory | Practical | Theory | Practical | Distribution | |
| Subject 1 | 3 | 1 | 75 | 25 | Sem end: 50 Internal :25 Practical: 25 | |
| Subject 2 | 3 | 1 | 75 | 25 | Sem end: 50 Internal :25 Practical: 25 | |
| OE | 2 | 2 | 50 | 50 | Sem end: 50 Tutorial: 50 | |
| VSC | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| SEC | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| AEC | 2 | - | 50 | - | Sem end: 30 Internal :20 | |
| VEC | 2 | - | 50 | - | Sem end: 30 Internal :20 | |
| сс | 2 | - | 50 | - | | |
| Total | | | | | 22 | |